

# HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Release Notes

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### Revision History

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# 1 Introduction

Thank you for installing the vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 bundles (Virtualization Services Platform (VSP) software bundle, BB068AA, and vPars/VM software bundle, VirtualBase). This chapter introduces the release notes for the “converged” vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 product.

Install the HP-UX GUID Manager software, which is included with the HP-UX 11i v3 March 2013 release, or can be obtained by going to <http://software.hp.com> and searching for the HP-UX GUID Manager.

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**NOTE:** AVIO drivers are now part of the vPars and Integrity VM product bundle.

HP recommends installing only the AVIO drivers that are included with HP-UX 11i v3 March 2013 release with this version of vPars and Integrity VM V6.2.

Patch numbers and AVIO driver versions referenced in this document are the minimum required as of the publishing date. Newer versions may be available. HP recommends that customers install the most recent versions to obtain the latest updates.

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This manual is organized in the following way:

- This introductory chapter contains a list of the new features provided in the new release, as well as a description of the manual organization. It also may contain information of general interest to the release and documentation issues.
- Chapter 1 provides new features and introductory information.
- Chapter 2 provides information relevant to installation.
- Chapter 3 provides release notes, relevant to the V6.2 release.
- Chapter 4 provides the support policy tables for vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 and its components.
- Chapter 5 provides information about support and other resources.
- Chapter 6 gives information on how you can provide feedback on this document.

For the most up-to-date information about HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2, see the documentation at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>

For the most recent information relevant to this update, see the `README.txt` file at the following location:

`/opt/hpvm/doc/README.txt`

## 1.1 Features and Enhancements in vPars and Integrity VM V6.2

The features in the following list have been included in this March 2013 of vPars and Integrity VM V6.2:

- Support for Online Memory Migration on vPar guests. For more information, see *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:  
<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>
- Support for online coexistence of vPar and Shared VM guests on the same VSP.
- Virtual Server Manager (VSMgr) now supports vPar/VM guest coexistence, and online memory migration for vPar Guest. For more information, see the *HP Integrity Virtual Server Manager 6.2 Release Notes* at:  
<http://www.hp.com/go/matrixoe/docs>

- Support for NPIV HBAs on Emulex FC card. For more information, see [“Support for NPIV HBAs on Emulex FC cards”](#) (page 13).
- Increase in NPIV LUN and HBA limits. With vPar V6.2, there is an increase in the the number of NPIV HBAs per physical HBA port and the number of paths per NPIV LUN. For information about NPIV LUN and HBA limits, see [“NPIV configuration support”](#) (page 31).
- Support for HP Matrix Operating Environment Version 7.2.

## 1.2 Version Support

Table 1 (page 8) lists support in HP-UX vPars for the various HP Integrity servers and HP Integrity server blades:

**Table 1 vPar and VSP Support**

Virtual Partitions	VSP on HP Integrity Servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i2 servers <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i2 server blades <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i2 servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i4 server blades <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>
HP-UX 11i v3 1109	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
HP-UX 11i v3 1203	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP-UX 11i v3 1209	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP-UX 11i v3 1303	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

<sup>1</sup> Support for the Intel® Itanium® Processor 9300 Series

<sup>2</sup> Support for the latest Intel® Itanium® Processor 9500 Series

Table 2 (page 8) lists support in HP-UX Integrity VM V6.2 for the various HP Integrity servers and HP Integrity server blades:

**Table 2 VM and VSP Support**

Virtual Machines	VSP on HP Integrity Servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i2 servers <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i2 server blades <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i2 servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i4 server blades <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>
HP-UX 11i v2 0712	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP-UX 11i v3 1003	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
HP-UX 11i v3 1009	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
HP-UX 11i v3 1103	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
HP-UX 11i v3 1109	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
HP-UX 11i v3 1203	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



**Table 2 VM and VSP Support** (continued)

Virtual Machines	VSP on HP Integrity Servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i2 servers <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i2 server blades <sup>1</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i2 servers	VSP on HP Integrity rx2800 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity i4 server blades <sup>2</sup>	VSP on HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>
HP-UX 11i v3 1209	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP-UX 11i v3 1303	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 1.3 Changes in Support

The following list contains features that are not supported starting with V6.1 or later:

- Use of the `hpvmupgrade` and the `pv2assist` commands.
- Use of VIO.

In addition, no new I/O hardware, such as FCoE CNA's is supported with VIO. To determine if your VMs are using VIO, run `hpvmstatus -d` for all your guests. Look for storage devices that use `scsi` and look for network devices that use `lan`:

```
# hpvmstatus -P guestname -d | grep -w
scsi
# hpvmstatus -P guestname -d | grep -w lan
```

A VLAN tag can be configured on an AVIO localnet vswitch port. The guest lan bound to this vswitch port can be used only to communicate with another guest lan bound to a vswitch port that does not have a VLAN tag configured.

- Microsoft Windows, Linux , and OpenVMS guests are not supported. Version 4.2.5 was the last version to support Microsoft Windows and Linux guests.
- Use of legacy device special files (DSFs) to define virtual storage.  
Support for the use of legacy DSFs to define virtual storage (including virtual disks and DVDs) are deprecated. Customers should begin planning to use persistent (agile) DSFs when defining their virtual storage devices. HP recommends the use of persistent DSFs (for example, those with pathnames such as `/dev/rdisk/disk##`) for better storage availability and reliability.  
To check for the use of legacy DSFs, use the following command:  

```
# hpvmstatus -P guestname -d | grep -w rdsk
```
- Deprecation of `-r` option for vPar memory modification.  
The `-r` option of `hpvmmodify(1M)` command has been deprecated when used with vPar guests. This option might be removed in a future release of HP-UX vPars and Integrity Virtual Machine product. HP recommends you to use the `hpvmmodify(1M)` command either with `-a mem`, `-d mem`, or `-m mem` options for vPar guests memory addition, deletion, or modification operations.



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## 2 Installation Notes

This chapter contains notes about installing and upgrading HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 and associated software on the VSP system.

### 2.1 Installing HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2

This section describes information about installing the HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 product bundle and associated software on the VSP system.

HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 is supported on HP Integrity servers or nPartitions running HP-UX 11i v3 March 2013 (AR1303) release. On all supported processors, you can install either the HP-UX 11i v3 March 2013 (AR1303) release or the HP-UX 11i v3 September 2012 (AR1209) release plus AR1303 Feature11i patches.

When you upgrade or reinstall vPars or Integrity VM, guests are stopped, but they are not removed. When the new version of HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM starts, the virtual machines or vPars might also start, depending on the setting of the boot attribute.

---

**NOTE:** The VSP system is not a general-purpose system; it is dedicated to the hosting of virtual machines and virtual partitions. After you install vPars and Integrity VM, no operating system or process management reconfiguration should be performed outside those provided by the vPars and Integrity VM interfaces. Specific examples of actions that are not supported on the VSP system include:

- Changing priorities or scheduling attributes of processes on the VSP system.
- Modifying kernel tunables in any way.

**NOTE:** Do not shut down or reboot the VSP while any vPars or VMs are running.

---

For complete information about the requirements for installing vPars and Integrity VM, see the *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>

### 2.2 Upgrading to vPars and Integrity VM V6.2

You can upgrade from HP-UX Virtual Partitions V6.0 to vPars and Integrity VM V6.2. You can also upgrade from Integrity VM V3.5, V4.1, V4.2, V4.2.5, and V4.3 to vPars and Integrity VM V6.1, V6.1.5, or V6.2. Upgrading from Integrity VM V4.0 is not supported. Note, only HP-UX 11i v3 guests are supported in V6.1. From version 6.1.5 onwards, both HP-UX 11i v2 and 11i v3 guests are supported. For more information, see the chapter *Upgrading the VSP from previous versions of Integrity VM of HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>



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## 3 Issues in this release

This chapter contains notes about creating and configuring virtual machines on the VSP system.

### 3.1 Changes and Issues in this Release

This section describes new information and issues in this release.

#### 3.1.1 Migrating guests with NPIV HBAs

With vPars V6.1.5 the `hpvmigrate` command used a load balancing approach to select physical HBA ports on the target host during the migration of a vPar/VM with NPIV HBAs. Though the end result ensured that all the NPIV capable HBA ports (pFCs) on the target host are equally loaded with NPIV HBAs belonging to active guests, it did not take redundancy or multi-pathing aspects into account. This meant that two NPIV HBAs that were originally created on pFCs on two distinct physical HBA cards on the source could eventually end up on the same pFC or two pFCs on the same HBA card on the target, even if there were other NPIV capable HBAs available.

With vPars V6.2 this behavior has been modified. With the changed behavior, as HBA ports on the target host are considered, a HBA port that lies on a different physical HBA is picked each time, so that, as far as possible, NPIV HBAs of a guest get distributed across ports residing on different physical HBAs. Of all such eligible HBA ports, the one with the least number of active NPIV HBA instances is selected keeping in mind the load balancing criterion.

For more details on how physical HBA ports are chosen during guest migration, see *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>.

#### 3.1.2 Support for NPIV HBAs on Emulex FC cards

vPar V6.2 provides support for creating NPIV HBAs on Emulex FC cards. To yield this support, the VSP must have the latest Emulex driver installed, that is, the HP-UX 11i v3 September 2012 or later.

#### 3.1.3 Backing store names on Intel® Itanium® 9500 processor servers

On servers based in the Intel® Itanium® 9500 processor series, the length of the string used in the backing store for the following devices must be less than 13 characters or greater than 18 characters:

- LVM: `/dev/vg_name/rlvol_name`
- VxVM: `/dev/vx/rdisk/dg_name/v_name`
- FILE backing stores: `/pathname/file`

#### 3.1.4 `hpvmhwmgmt` might add ports in link aggregates into the DIO pool

The `hpvmhwmgmt` command might put a port used by a link aggregate into the direct I/O (DIO) networking pool. A LAN interface cannot be used by both APA and DIO at the same time. Before adding a LAN interface into the DIO pool, make sure that it is not being used by an APA interface.

To find out whether a DIO capable lan device is being used in a link aggregate, use the `ioscan` and `nwmgr` commands. For example, add 0/0/0/9/0/0/0 into the DIO pool, a DLA device with 0/0/0/9/0/0/1 as its other sibling, and check whether both of these are being used by a link aggregate:

1. Use `ioscan` to find the instance numbers of these lan interfaces:

```
# ioscan -kfnC lan
```

```
lan      16  0/0/0/9/0/0/0  iexgbe  CLAIMED  INTERFACE  HP 454521-002E  PCIe 2-p
.
.
.
lan      17  0/0/0/9/0/0/1  iexgbe  CLAIMED  INTERFACE  HP 454521-002E  PCIe 2-p
```

Now the interfaces are PPAs 16 and 17.

2. Use `nwmgr` to see whether lan16 and lan17 are being used by a link aggregate. If you see lan9XX in the "Related Interface" column for the lan interface in which you are interested, then it is being used by APA:

```
# nwmgr
```

Name/ ClassInstance	Interface State	Station Address	Sub-Interface system Type	Related Interface
lan0	UP	0x78ACC089BF02	iexgbe	10GBASE-KR
lan7	DOWN	0x78ACC089BF09	iexgbe	10GBASE-KR
lan16	UP	0x68B599B54220	iexgbe	10GBASE-KR
lan17	DOWN	0x68B599B54224	iexgbe	10GBASE-KR
lan900	DOWN	0x000000000000	hp_apa	hp_apa
lan901	UP	0x68B599B54220	hp_apa	hp_apa
lan902	DOWN	0x000000000000	hp_apa	hp_apa
lan903	DOWN	0x000000000000	hp_apa	hp_apa
lan904	DOWN	0x000000000000	hp_apa	hp_apa

In this case, lan16 is being used by APA interface lan901, but not lan17.

### 3.1.5 Analyzing failures when DIO resources in use by the VSP

If `hpvmhwmgmt -p dio -a hwpath` fails due to a resource being in use by the VSP, check the `/var/adm/cra.log` file for additional information on the resources in use by the VSP. The following example shows the type of error you might see in this case:

```
system# hpvmhwmgmt -p dio -a 0/0/0/4/0/0/0
hpvmhwmgmt: ERROR - Resources for: '0/0/0/4/0/0/0'
are in use by your host. hpvmhwmgmt: ERROR - could not reserve hwpath: '0/0/0/4/0/0/0'
for DIO. hpvmhwmgmt: ERROR - failed to reserve and store hw path: '0/0/0/4/0/0/0'
for DIO. hpvmhwmgmt: Unable to manage dio pool resource.
```

### 3.1.6 DIO Broadcom stops receiving link notifications

If a DIO Broadcom link is kept down and a vPar or VM is rebooted, the DIO interface will not receive further link notifications. To prevent this, bring up the DIO link before booting the vPar/VM; otherwise, the only way to recover from this situation to reboot the VSP.

### 3.1.7 DIO Broadcom does not see bandwidth changes

DIO Broadcom will see only dynamic bandwidth changes when all functions of the device are owned by a vPar/VM or still owned by the VSP. If only some of the device's functions are assigned to the vPar/VM, bandwidth changes will take effect after VSP reboot.

To workaround this situation, all the interfaces from a device must be assigned to a vPar/VM or VSP, and nothing should be left in the DIO pool.

### 3.1.8 DIO-capable functions might become inconsistent with information in vPar/VM device database

Under certain conditions, the ownership of DIO-capable functions might become inconsistent with the information in the vPar/VM device database such that `hpvmhwmgmt -p dio -l` indicates that a DIO-capable function is owned by `host`. However, the `hpvmdevgmt -l gdev` command indicates that it is assigned to the vPar/VM resource pool as a `gdev`.

In such a case, if you want to use the DIO-capable function again as an Integrity VM resource, use the following command to resynchronize the `krs` (5) and `ioconfig` (4) databases with the Integrity VM device database:

```
# hpvmdiorecover -r
```

For more information, see the `hpvmdiorecover` (1) manpage.

### 3.1.9 DIO limitations

DIO has the following limitations:

- Boot over a DIO device is not supported. Install or boot a vPar/VM over LAN must use AVIO devices.
- No error recovery on HP Integrity Superdome 2 systems. Error recovery will not happen on DIO devices when a recoverable error occurs. The guest will be punished.
- Cannot dynamically add, delete, modify DIO functions online (that is, virtual OLRAD); such `hpvmmodify` operations have to be done when the vPar/VM is down.
- Removing `hpvm dio`-owned devices while the VSP is down might result in broken VM configurations that must be fixed manually.
- Cannot dynamically add, remove vPar/VM memory with DIO functions assigned.
- No Online VM Migration support.
- No suspend and resume support for vPars/VMs configured with DIO. These operations fail if the vPar/VM has a DIO device.
- No firmware upgrades to DIO devices inside the vPar/VM.
- No more than 16 DIO functions can be assigned to a single vPar/VM
- When using APA with DIO, you might observe the following behavior:
  - Inconsistent behavior while deleting aggregation on the VM guest for DIO interface. While deleting a DIO LACP aggregation in the Integrity V guest for the "iexgbe" driver, a delay might occur in deleting an aggregation.  
There is no loss of traffic, except some delay. This delay is mostly caused by two factors: a low number of vCPUs and a LAN reset taking time.
  - When heavy UDP traffic is run over APA DIO interface, and if a network cable pull out is performed, the UDP traffic tries to escape to other available interfaces. As the traffic is heavy, this takes the system to a hang state. This behavior is not seen with TCP traffic.

### 3.1.10 The `hpvmmodify` command might fail when it should succeed

The `hpvmmodify` command invoked on a running VM might fail when it should succeed. When failing, the following error message is displayed:

```
resource
intent failed 'Can't get the resource maxima.' vPar/VM vm_name configuration problems:      Error 1: Internal
error -1 when attempting to use the ragent 'intent' interface
hpvmmodify: Unable to modify the vPar or VM.
```

This failure might happen only when the same processor is used by several VMs.

### 3.1.11 The `hpvmmodify` command might succeed when it should fail

When the `hpvmmodify` command is invoked on a running VM to increase its minimum entitlement ( `-e` option), it might succeed when it should fail. In this case, the `hpvmmodify` command displays the following warning message:

```
# hpvmmodify -P vm_name -e minimum_entitlement
vPar/VM vm_name configuration problems:      Warning 1: vPar/VM CPUs (n) greater than available limit (0). These
problems
may prevent the vPar or VM vm_name from
```

```
starting. hpvmmmodify: The modification process is continuing. hpvmmmodify:
The modification process is continuing.
```

As a consequence, a reserved VM might not be able to start, because not enough CPU is available. Another consequence is that the VSP resources might become overcommitted:

```
# hpvmstatus -S
[HPVM Server System Resources]
*** VSP resources are over-committed ***          vPar/VM types
supported by this VSP = vPar, Shared          Processor speed = 1595
Mhz
.
```

To work around this overcommitted condition, reduce the minimum entitlement of the VM whose entitlement increase created the condition.

### 3.1.12 Converting VMs to vPars causes LAN IDs to shift

The I/O hardware paths on VMs do not have a cell number in the path. For vPars, I/O resources are shown under a cell, and because of that, I/O hardware paths have an additional "0/" prefix. When a VM is converted to a vPar, the vNIC hardware path will be different, so `ioscan` enumerates it with a different PPA (lan index).

Workaround

Boot the vPar to single user mode, fix the `/etc/rc.config.d/netconf` file with the new PPA number, and then switch to run level 3.

### 3.1.13 SMH is unresponsive when running stress tests on a VSP

Applications like SMH (which needs significant CPU bandwidth) are not likely to be very responsive when the VSP cores are already under heavy load servicing vPar/VM I/O requests. HP recommends that you increase the number of VSP CPU-cores under such circumstances.

### 3.1.14 WARNING: VCPU0 not scheduled message can be ignored

In V6.2, messages similar to the following are occasionally seen during the initial boot of a vPar or VM:

```
WARNING: VCPU0 not scheduled for NNNNN ms" messages in hpvm_mon_log
```

They can occur during the early portion of booting the vPar/VM before HP-UX is launched into the vPar/VM, when either the EFI layer or the boot loader is running.

You can safely ignore these messages.

### 3.1.15 VSP requires dedicated CPU to support a vPars

If you plan to use vPars, you must setup the VSP with a dedicated CPU to support them. Virtual machines do not require a dedicated CPU.

A CPU gets allocated to VSP pool automatically, as soon as you configure a reserved vPar or start an unreserved vPar.

If you are moving from one or more vPar configuration to all VM configuration, one CPU remains in VSP pool. You can use `hpvmhwmgmt` command to move CPU out of VSP pool.

### 3.1.16 Use of `-F` with `hpvmmigrate` on a suspended VM can cause VM to be not runnable on both source and target

You can use the `-F` to override resource checking during a VM migrate operation. However, if you use this option on a suspended VM, and you have also used NPIV on the VM and a target VSP that cannot support that NPIV port, the VM migrate operation will fail, even with the `-F` option. This will cause the VM to be nonrunnable on both the source VSP and target VSP.



To re-enable the VM on the source VSP, remove the suspend state of the VM on the source VSP with the following commands:

```
hpvmmodify -P vmname -x suspend_file=delete -F
hpvmmodify -P vmname -x register_status=enabled
```

### 3.1.17 Integrity VM and vPar CLI commands experience poor performance when there are numerous devices on the VSP

Commands like `vparmodify`, `hpvmmodify`, `hpvmcreate` and `hpvmclone`, (commands used to modify the vPar or VM configuration), experience slow performance when there are numerous devices available on the VSP, or configured in the vPar and/or VM configurations. When you have a large number of devices, it is more than likely that the majority of those devices are storage devices. If storage devices are being exposed to the VSP from a SAN and then individually mapped to vPar/VM configurations, alternatively, you can map SAN-based LUNs directly to the VMs or vPars using NPIV. Replacing individually mapped SAN-based LUNs with one or more virtual HBAs using NPIV ports, reduces the number of devices that need to be managed, and thus improves the CLI performance. For information about using NPIV with vPars and Integrity VM, see the *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at: <http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>.

### 3.1.18 Copy of a vPar/VM might be left in runnable state if migration fails

If a migration fails, a vPar/VM might be left in a runnable state (but not running) on the target VSP. If this happens, further attempts at migration will fail with a message that the vPar/VM exists and is runnable on the target VSP.

To work around this, either remove the vPar/VM with the `hpvmremove` command, or set the vPar/VM not runnable using the `hpvmmodify -x runnable_status=disabled` command.

### 3.1.19 Changes to the Default EFI AVIO Storage Driver Enumeration Policy

Prior to HP Integrity Virtual Machines V4.3, the default policy of the EFI AVIO storage driver was to enumerate and configure all AVIO storage devices defined in a guest's configuration. This would make all AVIO storage devices visible to EFI. With V4.3 (and later), the default enumeration policy is to enumerate and configure only those AVIO storage devices that are present as EFI boot options. The enumeration policy is also differentiated by storage type: SCSI (non-NPIV) LUNs, and FC (NPIV) LUNs.

The change to the enumeration policy has been made to reduce the time to boot to EFI in the cases of guest configurations with large amounts of AVIO storage devices configured. This policy change affects only the devices enumerated or configured at the EFI level, not at the guest operating system level.

As a result of the default enumeration policy change, some attempted operations within EFI (such as boot management, or new guest installations) may fail because of non-present AVIO storage devices. To make the AVIO storage devices visible to EFI, the enumeration policy can be changed to enumerate or configure all AVIO storage devices.

Use the `drvcfg` EFI utility to change the enumeration policy to do the following:

- Enumerate boot LUNs only. (Default policy)
- Enumerate all LUNs.

You can set the enumeration policy separately for SCSI (non-NPIV) LUNs and FC (NPIV) LUNs; however, setting the policy to enumerate all LUNs (especially FC LUNs) might result in long guest boot times in configurations with a large number of LUNs. You might notice a long delay before the EFI Boot Manager menu screen is presented and when entering the EFI Shell, or before the device mappings are displayed and the EFI shell prompt is presented.

The following example shows the policy configuration dialog. In this example, the policy is being unchanged from the default policy.

```
#drvcfg -s

HP AVIO Stor Driver Configuration
=====
Warning: enumerating all SCSI or FC LUNs increases initialization
times. Enumerate all SCSI LUNs (Y/N)? [current setting: N]: N

Enumerate all FC LUNs (Y/N)? [current setting: N

Drv[2F] Ctrl[ALL] Lang[eng] - Options set. Action
Required is None None None Shell> Reset the guest for the change
to take effect vMP MAIN MENU CO: Console CM: Command
Menu CL: Console Log SL: Show Event Logs VM:
Virtual Machine Menu HE: Main Help Menu X: Exit Connection
[gl] vMP> CM
(Use Ctrl-B to return to vMP main menu.)
[gl] vMP:CM> RS
At next boot only boot LUN will be enumerated
Use ^ and v to change option(s). Use Enter to select an option Loading.:
EFI Shell [Built-in] EFI Shell version 1.10 [14.62]onsole - - -
- - - - - Device mapping table fs0 :
Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part1,SigBEC59C34-E6C8-11DB-8002-D6217B60E588)
fs1 : Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part3,SigBEC59C70-E6C8-11DB-8004-D6217B60E588)
blk0 : Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0) blk1 :
Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part1,SigBEC59C34-E6C8-11DB-8002-D6217B60E588)
blk2 : Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part2,SigBEC59C52-E6C8-11DB-8003-D6217B60E588)
blk3 : Acpi (PNP0A03,0)/Pci (0|0)/Scsi (Pun0,Lun0)/HD (Part3,SigBEC59C70-E6C8-11DB-8004-D6217B60E588)
startup.nsh> echo -off
setting hpux path(\EFI\HPUX)... type 'fs[x]:' where
x is your bootdisk (0, 1, 2...) type 'hpux' to start
hpux bootloader =====
```

For information about how to change the enumeration policy, see the *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>

Changing the policy to enumerate all AVIO storage devices might result in longer guest boot times (to the EFI level), depending on the guest's configuration.

If you need to boot from a tape device attached to an NPIV (such as performing tape-based Ignite-UX recovery), change the enumeration policy to "Enumerate all FC LUNs". As mentioned previously, enumerating all FC LUNs can result in a long guest boot time. To minimize this delay, you can temporarily reduce the number of NPIV HBAs for the VM to only the one containing the tape boot device.

### 3.1.20 Memory allocation might not be as expected

vPar and VM memory is allocated in granules of 64 MB. If a vPar's or VM's memory size is not an even multiple of 64 MB, the API/CLI code rounds up, but hpvmapp rounds down. Consequently, there will be 64 MB of memory reserved for the vPar/VM, but not used by it, and the vPar/VM might have up to 64 MB to 1 KB of memory less than was allocated.

To work around this problem, set the vPar or VM memory size to a multiple of 64 MB.

Overhead memory calculations for a vPar and VM guests are different. A vPar always takes less or same overhead memory than a VM guest with same configurations. If a vPar guest is converted to a VM guest and if there is no sufficient memory to accommodate increased overhead memory, the modified guest may not start.

### 3.1.21 I/Os take long to complete under heavy I/O conditions on vPars/VMs with large NPIV LUN configuration

In a large LUN configuration, spread NPIV HBAs across multiple physical HBA ports at the VSP level.

### 3.1.22 CPU deconfigured by firmware can be assigned to vPar/VM

If a CPU experiences local MCA's too many times, the system firmware de-configures the CPU without HP-UX knowledge. This might cause the VSP to give the CPU to one of the vPars or VMs (which originally owned the CPU). The result of this is a vPar/VM hang in the bootloader.

The likelihood of this situation occurring is low, but if it does, stop and restart the vPar/VM to cause different CPUs to be assigned to the vPar or VM.

### 3.1.23 Probe of NPIV HBAs for Fibre Channel Targets May Timeout

During online migration, the target VM Host probes any NPIV HBAs for Fibre Channel (FC) targets. If this probe takes close to 30 seconds (or longer), online migration times out and aborts. The `hpvmigrate` command prints an error:

```
# hpvmigrate -P guest -h host2 -o
.
.
.
hpvmigrate: Frozen phase (step 23) - progress 21%
Target: (protocol low) header read timeout, 30 seconds
Target: could not receive message header
```

On the target VM Host machine, the syslog will contain the following warning message:

```
vmunix:
HVSD: HPVM online migration warning: NPIV probe took too long, 79
seconds
```

To solve this problem, use the following workaround:

1. Verify that the probe time of each individual FC HBA is under 10 seconds.
2. On the target VM Host, run the `ioscan` command to measure how long each FC HBA takes to probe. The `ms_scan_time` column gives the probe time.

```
# ioscan -P ms_scan_time -C fc
```

```
Class      I  H/W Path          ms_scan_time
=====
fc         0  44/0/0/0/0/0/0  0 min 7 sec 7 ms
fc         1  44/0/0/2/0/0/0  0 min 6 sec 213 ms
fc         2  44/0/0/2/0/0/1  0 min 4 sec 1 ms
```

3. If an individual FC HBA takes more than 10 seconds to probe, check your FC switch and zone settings to see why the probe time is so high.
4. Increase the online migration timeout value using the `hpvmmodify` command. For example, if the syslog reports a warning that the NPIV probe time is 79 seconds, increase the timeout value several seconds beyond that, to around 90 seconds (90000 msec):

```
# hpvmmodify -P guest1 -x "tunables=ogmo=90000"
# hpvmmodify -P guest1 -x migrate_frozen_phase_timeout=90
```

The default timeout value for `ogmo` is 30000 msec (30 seconds). The default timeout value for `migrate_frozen_phase_timeout` is 60 seconds.

Alternatively, you can also reduce the NPIV probe time by reducing the number of NPIV HBAs assigned to the guest.

### 3.1.24 Boot vPar or VM guests with very large RAM sizes first

A vPar or VM guest with a very large RAM size (> 64GB) or even large RAM sizes such as 32GB with maximum supported vCPUs) will not boot if started after the other guests configured in the system because of non-availability of enough contiguous memory for that guest.

To avoid this situation, boot the vPar/VM guests first before booting smaller ones.

### 3.1.25 VSP might crash when booting guest with more than 60 vNICs

The VSP might crash when a VM with more than 60 vNICs is started or shortly after the boot.

To avoid this potential crash, limit the number of vNICs on a guest to 60.

### 3.1.26 The 11i v2 guest might temporarily hang under certain conditions

When the HP-UX 11i v2 VM guests are configured to run with 16 vCPUs on a system with two or more other VM guests, the 11i v2 guest might experience a temporary hang due to heavy CPU and I/O intensive load conditions. A message “watchdog timeout” is seen on the guest console. To workaround this problem, configure the 11i v2 guests with a maximum of 8 vCPUs.

### 3.1.27 Presenting a Logical Volume Created on iSCSI Devices as AVIO Backing Store to a Guest Not Supported

Presenting a Logical Volume that is created on an iSCSI device as an AVIO backing store to a guest is not supported.

### 3.1.28 vPars known behaviors and workarounds

Table 3 (page 20) lists known vPars behaviors and workarounds.

**Table 3 Known behaviors in vPars V6.2**

Problem	Description/Action
Guest configured with very low Base memory may not boot.	A vPar that is misconfigured with less Base memory and excess Float memory may fail to boot. <b>What to do</b> Increase the amount of Base memory configured on the guest and boot. For more information, see <i>Online memory migration for vPar guests</i> section in the <i>HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide</i> .
When the requirements for satisfying Locality-Optimized Resource Alignment requirements for satisfying LORA configuration are not met, configuration are not met, a message is displayed.	Resources for a given vPar are chosen (as part of the vPar's boot up sequence) based on the resource availability and locality considerations. When the requirements for satisfying LORA configuration are not met, the following message is displayed in the syslog of the vPar OS instance: AutoSensor: LORA Mode Disabled -- Single Locality Partition.  This message is seen even on a multiple locality vPar when it does not meet the LORA requirements.  <b>What to do</b> You can ignore the message. For more details, see the Locality-Optimized Resource Alignment white paper at: <a href="http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bc/docs/support/SupportManual/c02070810/c02070810.pdf">http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bc/docs/support/SupportManual/c02070810/c02070810.pdf</a>

**Table 3 Known behaviors in vPars V6.2 (continued)**

Problem	Description/Action
<p>CPU/memory info in <code>machinfo</code> output on VSP could be confusing</p>	<p>The <code>machinfo</code> command displays system information from the HP-UX view of the system configuration. The <code>machinfo</code> command might show different values based on when the command is executed. If executed on the VSP after installing HP-UX and before installing the Integrity VM software, <code>machinfo</code> shows all the sockets and logical processors. The logical processor count represents cores if the kernel tunable <code>lcpu_attr</code> value is 0 and threads when <code>lcpu_attr</code> value is 1. You can obtain the value of <code>lcpu_attr</code> by using the <code>kctune</code> command.</p> <p>Note that <code>lcpu_attr</code> is set to zero in the VSP by default for optimal VSP performance, and so, the logical processor count is always the CPU core count.</p> <p>After the Integrity VM software is installed, the logical processor count of <code>machinfo</code> represents the number of VSP logical processors and the logical processors in the vPar/VM pool, but not yet activated in a vPar.</p> <p>When a vPar is started, the logical processors in the vPar/VM pool assigned to the vPar are deallocated from the VSP and the <code>machinfo</code> output in the VSP will reflect that reduction in logical processor count.</p> <p>When a vPar is stopped, the processor count shown in the VSP <code>machinfo</code> output will increase by the number of CPUs assigned to the vPar.</p> <p>The memory value displayed by the <code>machinfo</code> command shows the amount of memory that was available to HP-UX when booted on the VSP. This memory value includes memory that is allocated to the vPars and the memory used by the VSP. Unlike the logical processor count, the memory amount does not change with the installation of the Integrity VM software.</p> <p><b>What to do</b></p> <p>As workaround, use the <code>vparhwmgmt -p cpu -l</code> command to view the number of processor cores that are allocated to the VSP and to the vPar pool.</p>
<p><code>vm.core</code> will not be generated when vPar is in OS upon TC</p>	<p>A vPar that transitions past the load of the HP-UX kernel will not produce a <code>vm.core</code> on the VSP when it is terminated abnormally via a TOC. Once HP-UX <code>vm.core</code> will not be generated when vPar is in OS upon TC transitions to the boot state, the responsibility for state capture when a TOC occurs is via DUMP. An activating vPar that has not transitioned to the boot state produces a <code>vm.core</code> when a TOC occurs.</p> <p><b>What to do</b></p> <p>There is no workaround. This is an expected behavior in vPars.</p>

**Table 3 Known behaviors in vPars V6.2 (continued)**

Problem	Description/Action
CPU OLD Policy	<p>The vPars v6 product supports dynamic CPU addition and deletion. The selection criteria for CPU addition are performed from within the VSP based on LORA CPU OLD policy policies. The selection criteria for CPU deletion is performed from within the HP-UX instance that is target of the CPU deletion. The following criteria are used to select the CPU cores to be deleted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Only cores in the default pset (see <code>psrset (1M)</code>) can be dynamically removed.</li> <li>• The monarch core can never be deleted.</li> <li>• If the default pset does not contain enough cores to satisfy a full request to reduce the number of cores, the processor assignments will remain unchanged.</li> <li>• Processors can be moved to the default pset and then deleted.</li> </ul> <p><b>What to do</b> There is no workaround.</p>
TC/RS/stop behavior during Serviceguard TOC	<p>When Serviceguard detects a hang of the operating system, it uses a system interface to TOC the operating system. If Serviceguard initiates a TOC in a TC/RS/stop behavior during Serviceguard TOC v6.0 vPar, any subsequent <code>vparreset</code> operation initiated from the VSP to that specific vPar causes a message to be logged to <code>syslog</code>. The command completes but no action is taken until the Serviceguard TOC operation completes.</p> <p><b>What to do</b> There is no workaround.</p>
NPIV LUNs not shown by default invocation of <code>ioscan</code>	<p>An <code>ioscan</code> issued from within a vPar does not display any LUNs behind the NPIV HBA unless the <code>-N</code> option is specified. The <code>ioscan</code> command without NPIV LUNs not shown by default invocation of <code>ioscan</code> the <code>-N</code> option only displays devices that use the old style device file format. The NPIV LUNs use the agile device file format and require the <code>-N</code> option to <code>ioscan</code> in order to display LUNs in the output.</p> <p><b>What to do</b> Use the <code>-N</code> option with the <code>ioscan</code> command to view devices behind NPIV HBAs.</p>
Cannot remove a VLAN-based vNIC if the VLAN has been removed	<p>If a vPar was created with a vswitch based on a VLAN, and that VLAN has been removed, it is not possible to modify or remove a vNIC connected to that vswitch.</p> <p><b>What to do</b> Recreate the VLAN with <code>nwmgr</code> and restart the vswitch. This will allow you to remove the vNIC using the <code>vparmodify</code> command.</p>

**Table 3 Known behaviors in vPars V6.2 (continued)**

Problem	Description/Action
<p>Because the base page size of VSP is set to 64K, the <code>vmstat</code> command might show incorrect results</p>	<p>If the base page size is changed to value other than 4K, the output value corresponding to 4K is the value for the new base page size. This is true for further displayed page sizes i.e. 8K, 16K, 64K, and so on.</p> <p><b>Example 1 When base page size = 4K</b></p> <hr/> <pre>... 149003 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 4K 139682 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 8K 494477 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 16K ...</pre> <hr/> <p><b>Example 2 When base page size = 64K</b></p> <hr/> <pre>... 28 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 4K 67 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 16K 14 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 64K 2 Page Select Size Successes for Page size 256K ...</pre> <hr/> <p>In the example for base page size 64, the value 28 actually refers to the page size 64K, 67 refers to the page size 256K, and so on.</p> <p><b>What to do</b></p> <p>There is no workaround.</p>
<p>Interrupt balancing daemon is disabled in vPars V6.2</p>	<p>Frequent interrupt migration on the vPar can lead to storage LUNs going offline. This can occur indirectly when dynamic CPU migration occurs on a frequent basis when the interrupt balancing daemon is enabled.</p> <p><b>What to do</b></p> <p>The interrupt balancing daemon is disabled by default. Do not enable the interrupt balancing daemon.</p>
<p>Not enough memory allocated for VSP when the VSP base page size is set to 4K.</p>	<p>If the VSP base page size is changed to 4K from the default 64K, the VSP might run into low memory situation. Run <code>hpvmstatus -s</code> to check the current VSP free memory. For example:</p> <pre># hpvmstatus -s ... Available VSP memory = 2139 Mbytes</pre> <p><b>What to do</b></p> <p>Increase the memory allocated for VSP by tuning the <code>HPVM_MEMORY_OVERHEAD_PERCENT</code> variable in <code>/etc/rc.config.d/hpvmconf</code> and then reboot the VSP. For example, run the following commands to reserve around 15% of system free memory as VSP memory:</p> <pre># ch rc -a -p HPVM_MEMORY_OVERHEAD_PERCENT=15.0 /etc/rc.config.d/hpvmconf # shutdown -r now</pre>





## 4 Integrity VM Support Policy

This chapter describes the HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM support policies and software version requirements for Integrity VSP and guest operating system environments.

### 4.1 vPars and Integrity VM Minimum Support Life

The following table shows the support date for vPars and Integrity VM versions.

<b>Integrity VM Version</b>	<b>Release Date</b>	<b>Expected End of Support Date</b>	<b>Current Status</b>
A.03.50	December 2007	Same as HP-UX 11i v2	Supported
B.04.20	March 2010	March 2013	Supported
B.04.20.05	September 2010	September 2013	Supported
B.04.30	March 2011	March 2014	Supported
<b>vPar Version</b>			
<b>vPar Version</b>	<b>Release Date</b>	<b>Expected End of Support Date</b>	<b>Current Status</b>
B.06.00	November 2011	November 2014	Supported
<b>vPars and Integrity VM Version</b>			
<b>vPars and Integrity VM Version</b>	<b>Release Date</b>	<b>Expected End of Support Date</b>	<b>Current Status</b>
B.06.10	March 2012	December 2014	Supported
B.06.10.05	September 2012	September 2015	Supported
B.06.20	March 2013	March 2016	Supported

## 4.2 vPars Firmware Requirements

- Requirement:

Customers must upgrade to the latest release in order to receive defect fixes.

vPar system firmware requirements: The latest available firmware for the BL8x0c i2 or BL8x0c i4 servers that is available can be installed. Firmware bundle 2011.05 is the minimum requirement. For Superdome 2 servers, Superdome 2 Dynamic Core Firmware (2.51.102) is required.

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**NOTE:** Customers using only VMs have no firmware requirements.

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## 4.3 VSP OS and Server Support

Integrity VSP or Server Support	Integrity VM Version A.03.50	Integrity VM Version B.04.20	Integrity VM Version B.04.20.05	Integrity VM Version B.04.30	vPars and Integrity VM B.06.10	vPars and Integrity VM B.06.10.05	vPars and Integrity VM B.06.20
VSP OS Support	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 or September 2011	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2012 release on the Intel® Itanium® 9500 Processor series. HP-UX 11i v3 September 2012 release or the HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 release with AR1209 Feature 11i patches on supported legacy hardware.	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2013 release or the HP-UX 11i v3 September 2012 release with AR1303 Feature 11i patches on all supported Integrity hardware (including Intel® Itanium® 9500 Processor series).
<p><b>VSP Server Support:</b> The vPars and Integrity VM product supports all Integrity servers. New servers are supported on the latest Integrity VM version concurrent with the shipment of that server.</p>							

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**NOTE:** New vPars and Integrity VM versions support the latest HP-UX OE release at the time of the vPars and Integrity VM release.

For more information about support for specific HP-UX versions, see an authorized HP representative.

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For information about installing vPars and Integrity VM V6.2, see the *HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide* at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals>

## 4.4 HP-UX vPar and VM Support

### On HP 11i v3

Type of Guest OS Support	Integrity VM Version A.03.50	Integrity VM Version B.04.20	Integrity VM Version B.04.20.05	Integrity VM Version B.04.30	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10.05	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.20
HP Integrity servers	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2007 through September 2008	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2007 through March 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2008 through September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2011	Integrity VM — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through March 2012 vPars — Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2012 vPars — Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 through March 2013 vPars — Not supported
HP Integrity server blades	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2007 through March 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2008 through September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2011	Integrity VM — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through March 2012 vPars — Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2012 vPars — Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 through March 2013 vPars — Not supported
HP Integrity i2 server blades <sup>1</sup>	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 <sup>2</sup>	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2011	Integrity VM — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through March 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 September 2011 through March 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2010 through September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 September 2011 through September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 September 2011 through March 2013
HP Integrity Superdome 2 i2 servers <sup>1</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through September 2011	Integrity VM — HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through March 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013
HP Integrity rx2800 i2 servers	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010	HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through September 2011	Integrity VM — HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through March 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 September 2010 through September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2011 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013

Type of Guest OS Support	Integrity VM Version A.03.50	Integrity VM Version B.04.20	Integrity VM Version B.04.20.05	Integrity VM Version B.04.30	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10.05	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.20
HP Integrity rx2800 i4 servers <sup>3</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013
HP Integrity i4 server blades <sup>3</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013 <sup>4</sup>
HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4 Servers <sup>3</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 and September 2012	Integrity VM — • HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013 vPars — HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 through March 2013 <sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Support for the Intel® Itanium® Processor 9300 series

<sup>2</sup> Requires V4.2 with the following VM Host patches:

PHSS\_40875 1.0 HPVM B.04.20 CORE PATCH

PHSS\_40876 1.0 HPVM B.04.20 VMAGENT

PHSS\_40901 1.0 HPVM B.04.20 VMMIGRATE PATCH

<sup>3</sup> Support for the latest Intel® Itanium® Processor 9500 series

<sup>4</sup> Requires the following guest patch for Guest OS from September 2011 through September 2012:

PHKL\_43308 1.0 Virtual psm for guest para-virtualization

## On 11i v2

Type of Guest OS Support	Integrity VM Version A.03.50	Integrity VM Version B.04.10	Integrity VM Version B.04.20	Integrity VM Version B.04.20.05	Integrity VM Version B.04.30	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.10.05	vPars and Integrity VM Version B.06.20	Notes
HP Integrity Servers	HP-UX 11i v2 May 2005 through December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 September 2006 through December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	For more information about support for specific HP-UX versions, see an authorized HP representative.
HP Integrity server blades	HP-UX 11i v2 May 2005 through December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 September 2006 through December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	
HP Integrity i2 server blades <sup>1</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>2</sup>	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	
HP Integrity Superdome 2 i2 Servers <sup>1</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	
HP Integrity rx2800 i2 servers	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007	
HP Integrity rx2800 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	
HP Integrity i4 server blades <sup>2</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	
HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4 servers <sup>2</sup>	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	HP-UX 11i v2 December 2007 <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>1</sup> Support for the Intel® Itanium® Processor 9300 series

<sup>2</sup> Support for the latest Intel® Itanium® Processor 9500 series

<sup>3</sup> Requires the following patches for 11i v2 guest support:

0712 OE +

PHKL\_43102 (VM patch for QXCR1001214433) +

PHKL\_43005 (MDEP patch for QXCR1001212054) +

PHCO\_43059 + PHKL\_40684 (MDEP patch for QXCR1001220568)

HP-UX patches might be required for proper operation. Install these patches on HP-UX guest operating systems as necessary. For specific patch information, see the patches listed in [Chapter 2 \(page 11\)](#) .

## 4.5 Storage Interface Support

vPars and Integrity VM V6.2	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fibre Channel adapters supported by TD, FCD, or FLCF drivers</li> <li>• SCSI adapters supported by the C8xx, MPT, or CISS drivers</li> <li>• IDE adapters supported by the SIDE driver</li> <li>• USB support of the UsbScsiAdapter driver and USB 2.0 support of the usb_ms_scsi driver (AVIO HVSD support for USB 2.0 as of 11i v3 0903)</li> <li>• iSCSI adapters supported by the iSCSI driver (AVIO requires HostAVIOStor B.11.31.1009.01 or later)</li> <li>• SAS adapters supported by the SASD driver</li> <li>• For AVIO, FCoE support provided by CNA supported by the FCoC driver</li> <li>• SATA DVD is supported by AVIO only. Even if SATA DVD is set as a SCSI device, the guest EFI does not recognize it.</li> </ul>	<p>Accelerated virtual I/O (AVIO) storage interfaces are defined using the <i>avio_stor</i> adapter type. (See the <i>hpxmresources</i> manpage.)</p>

### 4.5.1 vPar and VM Attached Device Support

vPars and Integrity VM Version V6.2	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CD/DVD burners</li> <li>• Media changers</li> <li>• Tape devices</li> </ul>	<p>Attached devices are supported for all types of guest operating systems that provide supported drivers for the physical device as attached to the VSP device.</p>

### 4.5.2 Multipathing Software Support

Multipathing software is supported on the Integrity VSP system. Unless specified otherwise, multipathing is supported for use with AVIO (virtual adapter type specified as *avio\_stor*). The required version for these products is determined by the software vendor and the release of HP-UX installed on the VSP system.

Backing Store	vPars and Integrity VM Version 6.2
Whole Disk (or LUN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP-UX 11i v3 built-in multipathing</li> <li>• EMC PowerPath<sup>1</sup> with legacy DSFs</li> </ul>
LVM Logical Volumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP-UX 11i v3 built-in multipathing</li> <li>• PVLinks</li> <li>• EMC PowerPath<sup>1</sup> with legacy whole disk DSF in a Volume Group</li> </ul>

Backing Store	vPars and Integrity VM Version 6.2
VxVM Logical Volumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP-UX 11i v3 built-in multipathing</li> <li>• EMC PowerPath<sup>1</sup> with legacy whole disk DSF in a Disk Group</li> <li>• Symantec DMP</li> </ul>
VxFS Files	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP-UX 11i v3 built-in multipathing</li> <li>• PVLinks</li> <li>• EMC PowerPath<sup>1</sup> with legacy disk DSF in a Volume Group</li> <li>• Symantec DMP</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> Supported by EMC. See EMC documentation.

### 4.5.3 EVA Series Firmware Requirement

The AVIO Storage Driver supports Active-Active firmware types on EVA series (3000/5000 and 4000/6000/8000). Be sure that the following firmware revision levels are met before configuring AVIO backing stores on these arrays:

- On EVA 4000/6000/8000, all released firmware revisions support Active-Active configuration. Therefore, no action is necessary on these arrays.
- EVA 3000/5000 arrays need minimum firmware revisions of VCS v4.004 (Active-Active firmware).

For more information about EVA firmware upgrades, see the HP Services website: [HP Services](#).

## 4.6 NPIV configuration support

Limit Description	Supported Limit
NPIV HBAs per vPar/VM	16
Number of NPIV HBAs per physical HBA	32 (Qlogic HBA's) and 8 (Emulex HBA's)
Number of paths supported per NPIV device	16
Number of LUNs per HBA	2048
Number of NPIV devices per vPar/VM	2048

**NOTE:** In configurations where multiple NPIV HBAs created from a single physical HBA are used by different vPars/VMs, all the I/O from these vPars/VMs share a single physical HBA, which could lead to performance bottlenecks in high I/O scenarios.

For a more balanced performance, HP recommends that you spread NPIV HBAs for vPars/VMs across multiple physical adapters.

## 4.7 Network interface support for AVIO

Specific network interfaces are supported if they are supported for the version of HP-UX in use on the VSP system. The VSP physical network interface card can be configured with Auto Port Aggregation (APA), with the resulting port supported as indicated in the following table:

Virtual Network Adapter Type	vPars and Integrity VM V6.2
<i>avio_lan</i> (AVIO)	The following Ethernet drivers are supported, including APA ports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• iether</li><li>• igelan</li><li>• ixgbe</li><li>• icxgbe</li><li>• iexgbe</li><li>• Networking support provided by CNA, supported by the iocxgbe driver</li></ul>

## 4.8 Supported adapters for AVIO networking

vPars and Integrity VM supports those adapters that are of Ethernet or the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD network. Note that AVIO interfaces are supported by a select set of Ethernet host NICs. The following Ethernet cards are supported with AVIO on HP-UX vPars and VMs:

- A6794A — Core
- A6825A — Core
- A7109A — Core
- A6847A — Add-in
- AB465A — Combo Add-in
- A9782A — Combo Add-in
- A9784A — Combo Add-in
- AB352 — Core
- AB545A — Networking Add-in
- A7011A — Networking Add-in
- A7012A — Networking Add-in
- AB290A — Combo Add-in
- AB287A — Add-in (10GbE)
- AD331A — Add-in
- AD332A — Add-in
- AD193A — Combo Add-in
- AD194A — Combo Add-in
- AD221A — Add-in
- AD222A — Add-in
- AD337A — Add-in
- AD338A — Add-in
- AD339A — Add-in



- AD385A — Add-in (10GbE)
- AD386A — Add-in (10GbE)
- HBA's AM225A, AM232A, AM233A
- AT094A — HP AT094A PCIe 2p 8Gb FC and 2p 1/10GbE Adtr
- AT111A — HP Integrity CN1100E PCIe 2-port CNA
- AT118A — HP Integrity NC552SFP 2p 10GbE Adapter
- NC360m — C-class Mezz card
- NC364m — C-class Mezz card
- NC551m — HP NC551m Dual Port FlexFabric 10Gb Converged Network Adapter
- NC552m — HP NC552m 10Gb 2-P Flex-10 Server Adapter
- NC553i — HP Dual Port FlexFabric 10Gb BL8X0c i4 Embedded CNIC
- NC553m — HP NC553m 10Gb 2-P Flex-10 Server Adapter

## 4.9 Network interface support for direct I/O networking

The direct I/O networking feature has the following hardware, firmware, and driver support requirements:

Platforms:

- HP Integrity rx2800 i2
- HP Integrity rx2800 i4
- HP Integrity BL8x0c i2
- HP Integrity BL8x0c i4
- HP Integrity Superdome 2
- HP Integrity Superdome 2 i4

Adapters:

- Broadcom: Device Level Assignment (DLA)
  - LOMs: BL8x0c i2, Superdome 2
  - Stand-Up Cards: AM225A/AM232A/AM233A
  - Mezzanine Cards: NC532m
  - Broadcom cards must be running this firmware version or later: ROM Firmware (Boot code) Version: 6.2.21

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**NOTE:** You can obtain the ROM firmware from HP.COM or the IPF offline CD 1203.

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  - Broadcom VSP and vPars/VMs must be running this minimum driver version: 10GigEthr-02 (iexgbe) B.11.31.1203.
- Emulex: Function Level Assignment (FLA)
  - Stand-Up Cards: AT118A
  - CNA Stand Up (NIC only): AT111A
  - Mezzanine Cards: NC552m
  - CNA Mezzanine (NIC only): NC553m

- Emulex cards must be running this firmware version or later: ROM Firmware Version : 3.X04.356.3
- Emulex VSP and vPars/VMs must be running this minimum driver version: 10GigEthr-03 (iocxgbe) B.11.31.1203

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**NOTE:** All drivers must be from HP-UX 11i v3 March 2012 or later.

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## 4.10 Online and Offline Migration Support

The following list provides the supported online and offline migration paths for HP-UX guests:

- Support:
  - Forward migration — Supported between two VSPs running the same or subsequent vPars and Integrity VM version (see [Table 4 \(page 34\)](#)).
  - Backward migration — Supported for a vPar/VM — As of Integrity VM V4.3, a VM can be migrated back to a VSP that is running a later version of Integrity VM on which the VM was originally booted. For example, a VM booted on a VSP running Integrity VM Version 4.2.5, then migrated to a VSP running Version 4.3, can be migrated back to a VSP running Version 4.2.5 (provided the VM has not been rebooted since beginning its migration). This support also applies to vPars backward migration from V6.2 to V6.1.5
  - **NOTE:** In addition to the restrictions shown in the following online migration path table, the processors on the source and destination VSPs must all be within one of the following groups:
    - All Integrity VM supported variants of the Itanium 2 processor prior to the 9000
    - Itanium 2 9000 and the Itanium 2 9100
    - Itanium 9300
    - Itanium 9500

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Online forward migration table:

**Table 4 Integrity VM Online Forward Migration Paths**

Integrity VM Version	Supported Forward Migration Path
Integrity VM V4.1	Integrity VM V4.1 or Integrity VM V4.2
Integrity VM V4.2	Integrity VM V4.2, Integrity VM V4.2.5, or Integrity VM4.3
Integrity VM V4.2.5	Integrity VM V4.2.5 or Integrity VM V4.3
Integrity VM V4.3	Integrity VM V4.3 or later
Integrity VM V6.1	Integrity V6.1 or later
Integrity VM V6.2	Integrity V6.2

- Offline migration support:
  - Offline migration support table:

**Table 5 Offline Forward and Backward Migration Support Paths**

vPars and Integrity VM Version	Supported Offline Migration Path (Forward and Backward)
Integrity VM V3.5	Integrity VM V3.5
Integrity VM V4.1 or later	Integrity VM V4.1 or later
vPars V6.0	vPars V6.0 or later
vPars V6.1	vPars V6.1 or later
vPars V6.2	vPars V6.2

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**NOTE:** When migrating across versions (Integrity VM 4.1 and later), be aware of the vPar/VM OS versions that are supported on the target VSP. If the vPar/VM is not supported by the target VSP, the vPar/VM must be updated immediately after migrating to maintain support on the target VSP.

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# 5 Support and other resources

## 5.1 Contacting HP

### 5.1.1 Before you contact HP

Be sure to have the following information available before you call contact HP:

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product serial number
- Product model name and number
- Product identification number
- Applicable error message
- Add-on boards or hardware
- Third-party hardware or software
- Operating system type and revision level

### 5.1.2 HP contact information

For the name of the nearest HP authorized reseller:

- See the Contact HP worldwide (in English) webpage (<http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact.html>).

For HP technical support:

- In the United States, for contact options see the Contact HP United States webpage ([http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/contact\\_us.html](http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/contact_us.html)). To contact HP by phone:
  - Call 1-800-HP-INVENT (1-800-474-6836). This service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. For continuous quality improvement, calls may be recorded or monitored.
  - If you have purchased a Care Pack (service upgrade), call 1-800-633-3600. For more information about Care Packs, see the HP Care Packs website at [HP Care Packs](#).
  - In other locations, see the Contact HP worldwide (in English) webpage (<http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact.html>)

### 5.1.3 HP Insight remote support

HP strongly recommends that you install HP Insight Remote Support software to complete the installation or upgrade of your product and to enable enhanced delivery of your HP Warranty, HP Care Pack Service or HP contractual support agreement. HP Insight Remote Support supplements your monitoring, 24x7 to ensure maximum system availability by providing intelligent event diagnosis, and automatic, secure submission of hardware event notifications to HP, which will initiate a fast and accurate resolution, based on your product's service level. Notifications may be sent to your authorized HP Channel Partner for on-site service, if configured and available in your country. The software is available in two variants:

- **HP Insight Remote Support Standard:** This software supports server and storage devices and is optimized for environments with 1-50 servers. Ideal for customers who can benefit from proactive notification, but do not need proactive service delivery and integration with a management platform.
- **HP Insight Remote Support Advanced:** This software provides comprehensive remote monitoring and proactive service support for nearly all HP servers, storage, network, and SAN environments, plus selected non-HP servers that have a support obligation with HP. It is

integrated with HP Systems Insight Manager. A dedicated server is recommended to host both HP Systems Insight Manager and HP Insight Remote Support Advanced.

Details for both versions are available at:

<http://www.hp.com/go/insightremotesupport>

To download the software, go to Software Depot:

<http://www.software.hp.com>

Select Insight Remote Support from the menu on the right.

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**NOTE:** HP recommends using Insight Remote Support on the VSP system. Information from Insight Remote Support running on virtual machines should not be used to determine the hardware state.

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## 5.1.4 Subscription service

HP recommends that you register your product at the Subscriber's Choice for Business website: [http://www.hp.com/country/us/en/contact\\_us.html](http://www.hp.com/country/us/en/contact_us.html). After registering, you will receive an email notification of product enhancements, new driver versions, firmware updates, and other product resources.

## 5.2 Related information

The following documents [and websites] provide related information:

**Table 6 Documentation and its location**

Documents	Website
<i>HP-UX vPars and Integrity VM V6.2 Administrator Guide</i>	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals">http://www.hp.com/go/virtualization-manuals</a>
<i>HP-UX GUID Manager Administrator Guide</i>	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/hpux-vpars-docs">http://www.hp.com/go/hpux-vpars-docs</a>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>HP Integrity Virtual Server Manager User Guide</i></li> <li><i>HP Integrity Virtual Server Manager Release Notes</i></li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The HP Integrity Virtual Server Manager is the graphical user interface for HP-UX vPars and VM V6.2.</p>	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/matrixoe/docs">http://www.hp.com/go/matrixoe/docs</a>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>HP BladeSystem Onboard Administrator Command Line Interface User Guide Version 3.30</i></li> <li><i>HP BladeSystem Onboard Administrator User Guide Version 3.30</i></li> <li><i>HP BladeSystem c3000 Enclosure (whitepaper)</i></li> <li><i>HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure technologies (whitepaper)</i></li> </ul>	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/blades_enclosures-docs">http://www.hp.com/go/blades_enclosures-docs</a> In the main page, click <b>HP BladeSystem c3000 Enclosures</b> or <b>HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosures</b> .
Virtual Partitions documentation	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/hpux-vpars-docs">www.hp.com/go/hpux-vpars-docs</a>
HP-UX 11i v3 documentation	<a href="http://www.hp.com/go/hpux-core-docs">http://www.hp.com/go/hpux-core-docs</a> In the main page, click <b>HP-UX 11i v3</b> .
<i>HP Serviceguard Toolkit for Integrity Virtual Servers User Guide</i>	<a href="#">HP Serviceguard Toolkit for Integrity Virtual Servers User Guide</a>

## 5.3 Typographic conventions

This document uses the following typographical conventions:

<code>%</code> , <code>\$</code> , or <code>#</code>	A percent sign represents the C shell system prompt. A dollar sign represents the system prompt for the Bourne, Korn, and POSIX shells. A number sign represents the superuser prompt.
<code>audit(5)</code>	A manpage. The manpage name is <i>audit</i> , and it is located in Section 5.
Command	A command name or qualified command phrase.
Computer output	Text displayed by the computer.
<b>Ctrl+x</b>	A key sequence. A sequence such as <b>Ctrl+x</b> indicates that you must hold down the key labeled <b>Ctrl</b> while you press another key or mouse button.
ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE	The name of an environment variable, for example, <code>PATH</code> .
ERROR NAME	The name of an error, usually returned in the <code>errno</code> variable.
<b>Key</b>	The name of a keyboard key. <b>Return</b> and <b>Enter</b> both refer to the same key.
Term	The defined use of an important word or phrase.
<b>User input</b>	Commands and other text that you type.
<i>Variable</i>	The name of a placeholder in a command, function, or other syntax display that you replace with an actual value.
<code>[]</code>	The contents are optional in syntax. If the contents are a list separated by <code> </code> , you must choose one of the items.
<code>{}</code>	The contents are required in syntax. If the contents are a list separated by <code> </code> , you must choose one of the items.
<code>...</code>	The preceding element can be repeated an arbitrary number of times.
<code>□</code>	Indicates the continuation of a code example.
<code> </code>	Separates items in a list of choices.
WARNING	A warning calls attention to important information that if not understood or followed will result in personal injury or nonrecoverable system problems.
CAUTION	A caution calls attention to important information that if not understood or followed will result in data loss, data corruption, or damage to hardware or software.
IMPORTANT	This alert provides essential information to explain a concept or to complete a task.
NOTE	A note contains additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.





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## 6 Documentation feedback

HP is committed to providing documentation that meets your needs. To help us improve the documentation, please send any errors, suggestions, or comments to Documentation Feedback ([docsfeedback@hp.com](mailto:docsfeedback@hp.com)). Include the document title and part number, version number, or the URL when submitting your feedback.